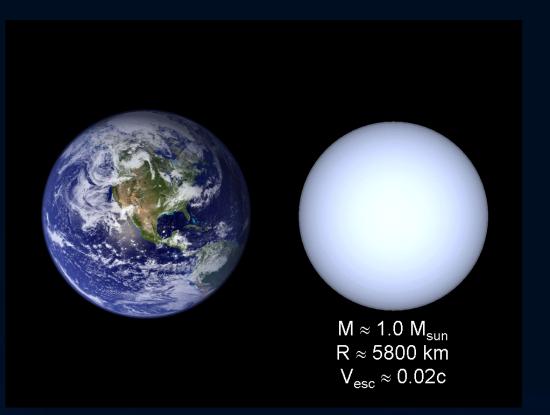
STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF WHITE DWARFS' PROPERTIES AND NEW WHITE DWARFS FROM GAIA

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What is a white dwarf?

Is a stellar remnant composed mostly of electron-degenerate matter. They are very dense: a white dwarf's mass is comparable to that of the Sun, and it's volume is comparable to that of the Earth.

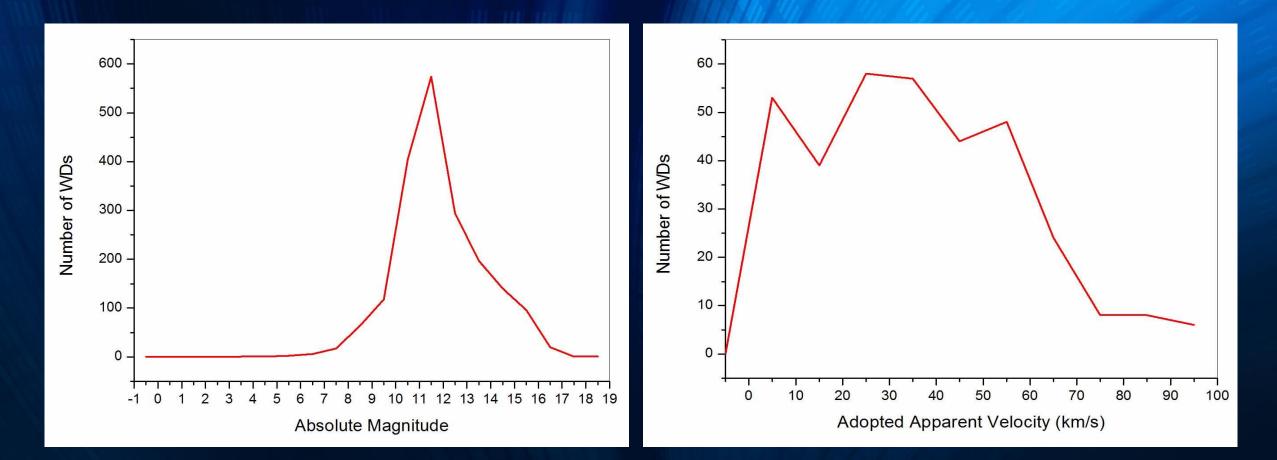


The Catalogue of Spectroscopically Identified White Dwarfs

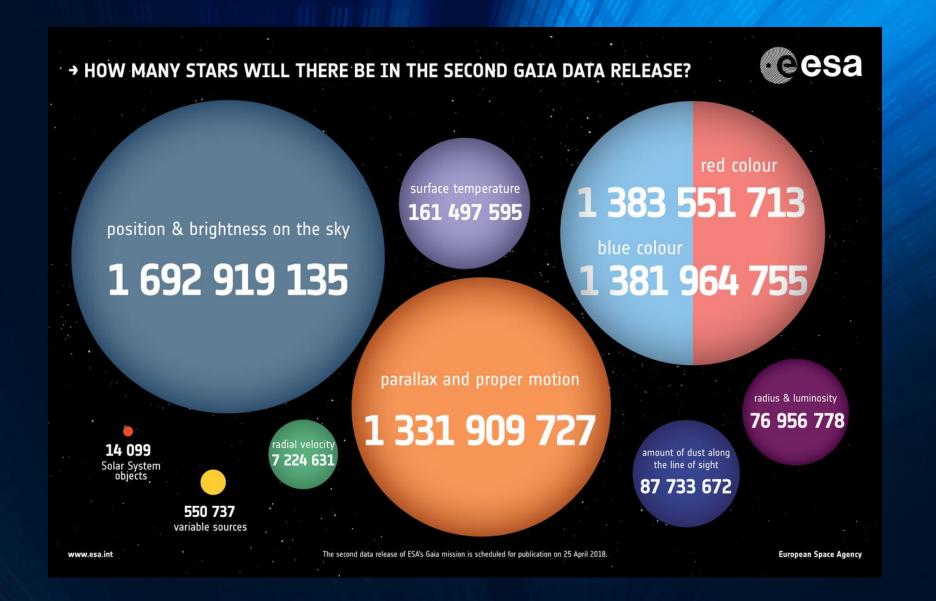
(Version April 2014) by G. P. McCook and E. M. Sion

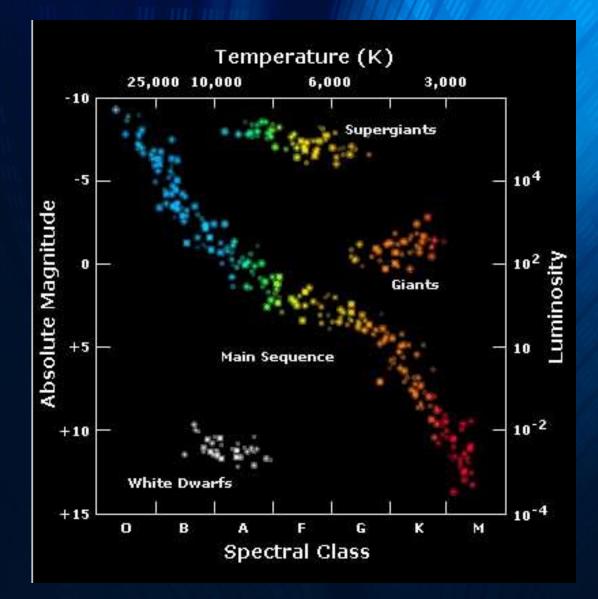
The total number of white dwarfs (WDs) in this version is **14294**:

- ✤ Having parallaxes 368, range 0.0001-0.575, average 0.046
- ✤ 10871 have total PM in the range of 0.0010-4.0800 arcsec/year;
- only 345 have adopted apparent velocities (Adp-V) in the range of 0.058-97.190 km/s, among them 328 (95.1%) have velocities less than 75 km/s;
- 1937 objects have absolute magnitudes in the range of -0.11...18.10; the distribution by AbsMag shows that we can consider as the limit for WD 7.5^m (brighter WDs are extremely rare;
- 1919/1937 are fainter than 7.5^m, 99.1%) or even 9.5^m (1792/1937, 92.5%). The sample is incomplete after 11.5^m (the graph goes down).

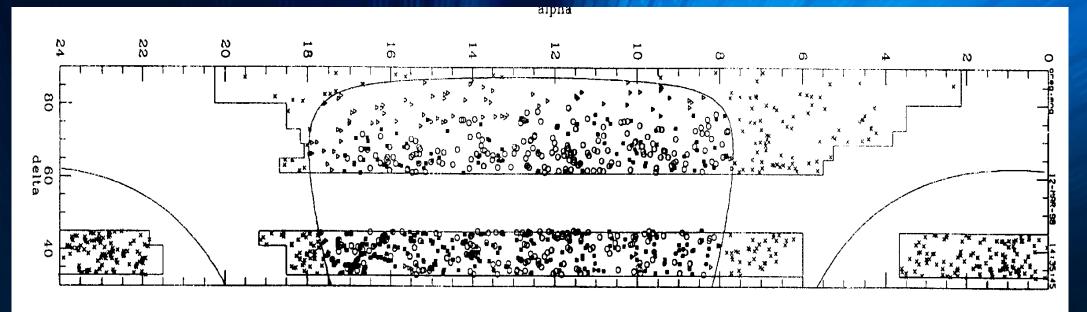


Distribution of absolute magnitudes and adopted apparent velocities for McCook & Sion Catalogue WDs allowing estimate the limit of M_{abs} for white dwarfs (two breaks at 7.5^m and 9.5^m) and the limit of the apparent velocity (the break at 75 km/s). Adopting these values we could distinguish WDs from the other stars.



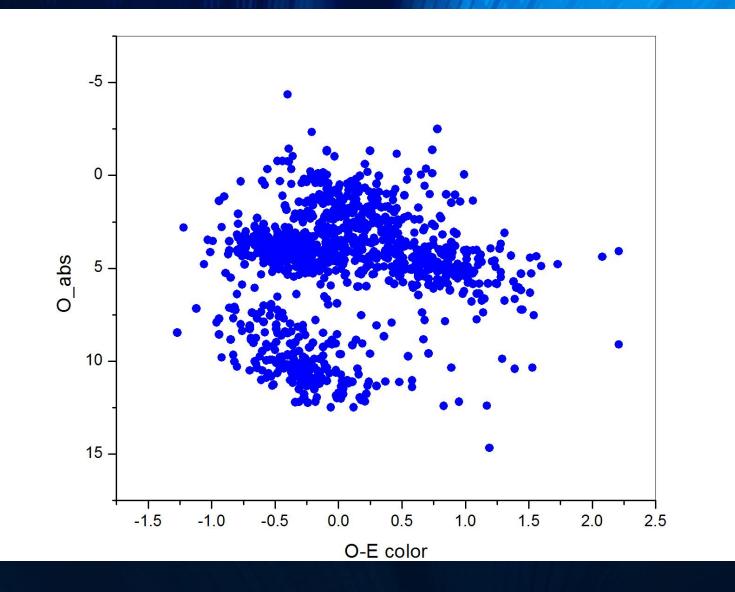


FBS Blue Stellar Objects



Years: Region of sky: Total area: Limiting magn: Revealed objects: Number of objs: Publication: New FBS plates: 1987-1996

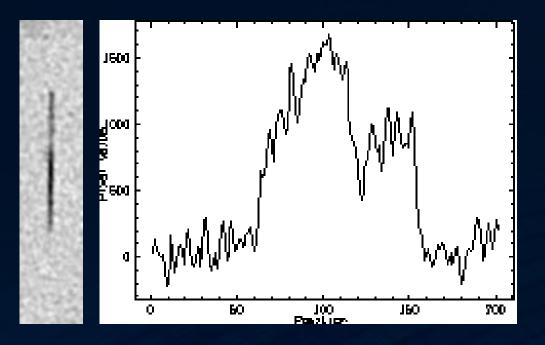
+33° $\leq \delta \leq$ +45°, +61° $\leq \delta \leq$ +90°, 11 zones of the FBS 4,009 deg² (278 fields, 438 plates) 17^m-17.5^m (\leq 18.5^m) O-B5, HBB, sd, WD, PNN, CV, QSO, Sy, compact gals 1103, including 716 new BSOs 11 lists (1990-1996), Catalog at CDS (Strasbourg) 28 plates in 19 Milky Way fields, 288 deg² (1988)



Digitized First Byurakan Survey (DFBS)

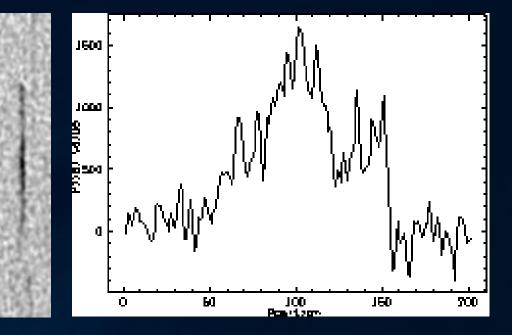
Items	Description
Teams	Byurakan Astrophys. Obs., Univ. Roma "La Sapienza", Cornell Univ.
Years	2002 - 2005
Instrument	Epson Expression 1680 Pro scanner
Scanning options	1600 dpi (15.875 μ pix size), 16 bit, transparency mode, "scanfits"
Plate size	9601×9601 pix, 176 MB file
Spectra	107×5 pix (1700 μ in length)
Dispersion	33 Å/pix average (22–60 Å/pix), 28.5 at H γ
Spectral resolution	50\AA (average)
Astrometric solution	1" rms accuracy
Scale	1.542"/pix
Photometry	0.3^m accuracy
Data volume	1874 plates, $\sim 400 \text{ GB}$
Number of objects	$\sim 20,000,000 \ (\sim 40,000,000 \ \text{spectra})$

Table 4. Main scanning and resulting characteristics of the DFBS.



PG 0109+111 (DO)

PG 1449+168 (DA3)



RESULTS

- We have carried out **statistical analysis of WD Catalogue**: range and average numbers for absolute magnitudes, colors, proper motions, T_{eff}, etc. have been established; the limits of adopted tangential velocities for calculation of the absent proper motions were derived;
- revealing thousands of **new White Dwarfs from Gaia DR2 accurate astrometry**;
- revealing thousands of new spectroscopically identified White Dwarfs at high Galactic latitudes from SDSS;
- identifying all White Dwarfs among the FBS blue stellar objects (185);
- revealing thousands of **new high Galactic latitude White Dwarfs** in the DFBS;
- publication of a **new catalog of White Dwarfs at high Galactic latitudes** (expected).

THANKYOU FOR ATTENTION!!!